

Development Issue 1-4 Education	[Background and current situation] As of 2022, the net enrollment rate (95.1%) and completion rate (76.2%) (Government of Nepal) for primary education in Nepal (grades 1-8) are both improving, but the country continues to require support for promoting basic education. Therefore, it is necessary to develop a comprehensive approach, including support for correcting disparities in access to education among regions and ethnic groups and improving the quality of education, as well as addressing issues such as strengthening school management and educational administration capacity.		[Strategy] In addition to focusing on support for primary education, Japan aims to "improve the quality of education" through support for the improvement of teachers' teaching skills, development of teaching materials, and improvement of school management. Although access to education has been improving, Japan will continue to support necessary infrastructure development, including the restoration and construction of schools destroyed by the earthquake, and expand educational opportunities.									
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note
				Before JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028	JFY 2029			
	Education Program	Education Advisor	EXP	████████████████████							4	
		The Project for the Improvement of Basic School Education	TCP	██						6.60	4	
		JICA Partnership Programs on Education Sector	JPP	██████████							4	
		Grant Aid for Japanese NGOs Projects for Education	GANP	████████████████						1.42	4,5,8,10,17	
		Grant Aid for Grassroots Human Security Projects for Education	GGP	████████████████						0.37	1,3,4	
Volunteers in Education Sector		JOCV	████████████████████							4		
Group and Region-Focused Training Programs on Education Sector		TR	████████████████							4		
Development Issue 1-5 Health sector enhancement	[Background and current situation] In addition to infectious diseases such as tuberculosis, which remain serious, the number of patients with non-communicable diseases (NCDs) such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, diabetes, and hypertension, which are underlying diseases with a high risk of serious illness, is increasing, and the number of trauma patients from traffic accidents and other causes is also increasing significantly. Therefore, there is a need to provide high quality health services in all regions of Nepal, including the development of an emergency medical care system. In addition, there is a chronic shortage of medical personnel relative to the number of hospitals, thus training and securing human resources is an urgent priority. Moreover, although the mortality rates of newborns and children under 5 years of age are improving, the maternal mortality rate is higher than the South Asian average, and the anemia rate among children and women is considered to be at a "serious" level from a public health perspective, so improvement of maternal and child health and nutrition is also an issue.		[Strategy] Keeping in mind Japan's "Global Health Strategy", Japan will improve the facilities of the regional hospitals that form the center of local health service provision and the facilities that receive trauma patients due to traffic accidents, etc., and actively support the supply and quality of services, strengthen maternal and child health care, and improve nutrition by securing new medical personnel and improving their capacity through various training programs, volunteer projects, NGO cooperation projects, and so on.									
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note
				Before JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028	JFY 2029			
	Health Sector Enhancement Program	The Project for the Improvement of Dhulikhel Hospital Trauma and Emergency Center	GA	████████████████████						38.69	3	
		Project for Improving Continuum of Care for Mothers and Children through the utilization of MCH Handbook	TCP	██						5.00	3	
		JICA Partnership Programs on Health and Elderly Care Sector	JPP	████████████████							3, 11	
		Grant Aid for Japanese NGOs Projects for Health Care, Hygiene and Nutrition	GANP	████████████████						2.46	1,2,3,5,6,10	
		Grant Aid for Grassroots Human Security Projects for Health Care/Medical Care	GGP	████████████████						0.21	3	
Improving the Health and Medical Services		CTR	██████████							3		
Group and Region-Focused Training Programs on Health Sector		TR	████████████████							3		

	<p>[Background and current situation] The urban environment is deteriorating due to population influx and other factors in the suburbs of the metropolitan area and in regional core cities. For example, the access rate to safe water is still low at about 70% throughout Nepal, and safety indicators (e.g., E. coli, turbidity, etc.) are low. This is due to the fact that even though water purification facilities have been established, the operation and maintenance of water purification facilities by each water service institution is not appropriate, resulting in a lack of safe water supply, and also due to the fact that each household depends on shallow wells due to low water supply. As for sewage, which is increasing following the development of water and sewage systems, only about 62% of the population uses basic sanitation services, and adequate treatment is not being provided. In addition, the existing treatment plants alone do not have sufficient capacity to dispose of waste in the Kathmandu Basin and other major cities, and serious river pollution is a problem due to the effects of leachate and gas emissions.</p>	<p>[Strategy] For quantitative improvement of water supply, support for the construction of water supply facilities will be considered, especially in regional core cities, in order to improve the water supply rate nationwide. To improve the quality of water supply, support will be considered for the development of water treatment plants and other facilities in major cities such as Kathmandu and Pokhara, as well as for improving the operation and maintenance management capacity of water treatment facilities. In view of the serious lack of sewage and waste treatment capacity, the development of sewage and waste treatment facilities in major cities will also be considered as part of a comprehensive response to urban problems.</p>																																																																																																								
<p>Development Issue 1-6</p> <p>Urban environment improvement</p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Japan's Assistance Program</th> <th>Project</th> <th>Scheme</th> <th colspan="6">Schedule</th> <th>Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)</th> <th>SDGs</th> <th>Note</th> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <th>Before JFY 2024</th> <th>JFY 2025</th> <th>JFY 2026</th> <th>JFY 2027</th> <th>JFY 2028</th> <th>JFY 2029</th> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td>Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)</td> <td>EXP</td> <td></td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>6</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Project on Capacity Development of KUKL to Improve Overall Water Supply Service in Kathmandu Valley</td> <td>TCP</td> <td>=====</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5.90</td> <td>6</td> <td>Technical assistance project related to ODA loan</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="5">Urban Environment Improvement Program</td> <td>The Project for Improvement of Water Supply in Pokhara</td> <td>GA</td> <td>=====</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>48.13</td> <td>6</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>The Project for the Improvement of Water Supply in Biratnagar</td> <td>GA</td> <td>=====</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>25.41</td> <td>6</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>The Project on Capacity Development of Nepal Water Supply Corporation to Improve Water Supply System in Urban Cities</td> <td>TCP</td> <td>=====</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3.59</td> <td>6</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Project for Capacity Development for Sustainable Wastewater Management in Pokhara City</td> <td>TCP</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td>6</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Group and Region-Focused Training Programs on Urban Environment Improvement Sector</td> <td>TR</td> <td>=====</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>6</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note				Before JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028	JFY 2029					Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)	EXP								6			Project on Capacity Development of KUKL to Improve Overall Water Supply Service in Kathmandu Valley	TCP	=====						5.90	6	Technical assistance project related to ODA loan	Urban Environment Improvement Program	The Project for Improvement of Water Supply in Pokhara	GA	=====						48.13	6		The Project for the Improvement of Water Supply in Biratnagar	GA	=====						25.41	6		The Project on Capacity Development of Nepal Water Supply Corporation to Improve Water Supply System in Urban Cities	TCP	=====						3.59	6		Project for Capacity Development for Sustainable Wastewater Management in Pokhara City	TCP								6		Group and Region-Focused Training Programs on Urban Environment Improvement Sector	TR	=====							6		
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		Volunteers in Private Sector Development Sector	JOCV	■								1,15	
		Group and Region-Focused Training Programs on Private Sector Development Sector	TR	■								8	
Priority Area 2	Disaster prevention and climate change measures												
Development Issue 2-1 Post-earthquake reconstruction and disaster risk reduction	[Background and current situation] The earthquake in 2015 inflicted enormous and extensive damage on Nepal. After the earthquake, reconstruction projects, carried out under the initiative of the National Reconstruction Authority, have almost been completed, but support is needed for both structural and non-structural aspects to respond to landslides and floods which occur frequently in various locations. Improving understanding of disaster risk, raising awareness of the need for prior investment in disaster prevention, and establishing a resilient nation are pressing issues for Nepal.						[Strategy] Japan will provide support for disaster risk reduction such as infrastructure and institutional development as well as technical cooperation on capacity building, to achieve prevention of disasters due to physical, social and institutional vulnerabilities, based on four priorities for action proposed in the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction.						
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note	
				Before JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028	JFY 2029				
	Post-earthquake Reconstruction and Disaster Risk Reduction Program	Emergency School Reconstruction Project	LA	■	■	■	■			140.00	9	co-finance with ADB	
		The Project for Strengthening Disaster Risk Governance for Resilience in the Kathmandu Valley	TCP	■	■					4.40	1,11		
		The Project for Promotion of Nepal National Building Code Compliance for Safer Building Construction	TCP	■	■					4.50	11		
		The Project for Expansion of National Building Code Compliance and Seismic Resistance	TCP			▒	▒	▒	▒		11		
		Project for Capacity Development on Flood Control for Disaster Risk Reduction in Sunsari and Morang Districts	TCP	■	■	■				3.40	11,13		
		Project for the Livelihoods Improvement and Disaster Resilience Enhancement in the Areas Affected by the Jajarkot Earthquake (through UNDP)	GA		■	■					11		
		JICA Partnership Programs on Post-earthquake Reconstruction and Disaster Risk Reduction Sector	JPP	■	■						9		
		Grant Aid for Japanese NGOs Projects for Disaster Prevention	GANP	■	■					2.83	1,5,11,13		
Grant Aid for Grassroots Human Security Projects for Disaster Prevention		GGP	■	■					0.74	11			
Volunteers in Post-earthquake Reconstruction and Disaster Risk Reduction Sector		JOCV	■	■	■					11			
Group and Region-Focused Training Programs on Post-earthquake Reconstruction and Disaster Risk Reduction Sector	TR	■	■	■	■				11				
Development Issue 2-2 Measures against climate change	[Background and current situation] In rising temperatures caused by climate change, there are concerns about increase in disaster risk due to frequent floods and accelerated melting of glaciers in the Himalayas. In the mountainous areas, landslide disasters are more likely to occur caused by further deforestation for agricultural purposes and inadequate forest maintenance. Therefore it is necessary to improve systems related to climate change countermeasure projects and forest maintenance management.						[Strategy] In order to implement climate change countermeasures, Japan will support the improvement of systems related to the proper management of forest resources and the capacity building of the government in terms of both mitigation and adaptation. The implementation of the projects will also take into account the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework, which was adopted at the end of 2022.						
Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note		
			Before JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028	JFY 2029					
Climate Change Program	Project for Climate Change Adaptation through Sustainable Forest Management in Nepal	TCP	■	■	■	■			4.80	13			
	Group and Region-Focused Training Programs on Climate Change Sector	TR	■	■						13			

Priority Area 3	Enhancement of governance and democratization											
Development Issue 3-1 Human resource development for governance	[Background and current situation] In Nepal, a federal system was introduced in 2017 based on the Constitution proclaimed in September 2015, however, the country is facing a lot of challenges and practically in the process of transition to the federal system. In this respect, each government at local, provincial, and federal level is required to fulfill their own roles. Since there are various issues such as a disparity between urban and rural, vulnerability of financial foundation, and lack of capacity and experience of administrative officials who implement development projects in rural areas, in particular, capacity building of administrative officials who are able to address various issues in each government is needed.					[Strategy] On the basis of assistance priorities of federal, provincial and local governments, projects will be deployed conducting information gathering and analysis as well as considering coordination with other aid organizations. In addition, Japan provides support contributing to institution building and capacity building of federal, provincial, and local governments, aiming to formulate development plans and provide public services consistent with regional needs, with cooperation, coordination and establishment of relations between governments taken into consideration.						
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note
				Before JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028	JFY 2029			
	Government Administrative Capability Enhancement Program	The Project for Human Resource Development Scholarship	GA	—————						23.53	16	
		Voter Education	EXP								16	
Volunteers in Social Inclusion Support for Socially Vulnerable People		JOCV	—————								3,10	
Group and Region-Focused Training Programs on Human Resource Development for Governance Sector and Strengthening Administrative Capacity		TR	—————								16	
Development Issue 3-2 Legal support	[Background and current situation] In Nepal, it is necessary to establish the rule of law by promoting basic laws such as civil law and relevant laws at federal, provincial, and local levels.					[Strategy] On the basis of assistance priorities of federal, provincial and local governments, Japan will develop projects contributing to implementation of civil law, judicial capacity, and access to justice, through conducting in-depth information gathering and analysis.						
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note
				Before JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028	JFY 2029			
Legal Support Program	Project for Enhancing Implementation of the National Civil Code	TCP		—————								10,16
	Group and Region-Focused Training Programs on Legal Sector	TR	—————									10,16

Legend: [PS] = Preparatory Survey, [DD] = Detailed Design, [TCP] = Technical Cooperation Project, [TCDP] = Technical Cooperation for Development Planning, [EXP] = Expert, [CTR] = Country-focused Training, [TR] = Knowledge Co-Creation Program (Group and Region Focus) / Knowledge Co-Creation Program for Young Leaders, Long-Term Training, [JOCV] = Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers, [TEXP] = Third-country Expert, [TTR] = Third-country Training, [ICT] = In-Country Training, [STC] = Science and Technology Cooperation on Global Issues, [JPP] = JICA Partnership Program, [xx-TA] = Technical Assistance implemented by organizations other than MOFA and JICA, [PCP-TC] = Private Companies Proposed-Technical Cooperation, [GA] = Grant Aid, [FA]=Food Aid, [CGA]=Cultural Grant Assistance, [GCGP]=Grant Assistance for Cultural Grassroots Projects, [EGA]=Emergency Grant Aid, [GANP]=Grant Aid for Japanese NGOs Projects, [GGP]=Grant Aid for Grassroots Human Security Projects, [LA] = Loan Aid (ODA Loan), [DCS] = Data collection Survey, [ML] = Multilateral Cooperation, [SME PPS]=Small and Medium-Sized Enterprise (SME) Partnership Promotion Survey, [SDGs BMFS]=SDGs Business Model Formulation Survey with the Private Sector, [SDGs BVS]=SDGs Business Verification Survey with the Private Sector and SDGs Business Validation Survey, [SDGs BNCS]=SDGs Business Needs Confirmation Survey, Solid Line [————] = Schedule, Dash Line [- - -] = Tentative Schedule

[SDGs Goals Targets]: 1[No Poverty], 2[Zero Hunger], 3[Good Health and Well-Being], 4[Quality Education], 5[Gender Equality], 6[Clean Water and Sanitation], 7[Affordable and Clean Energy], 8[Decent Work and Economic Growth], 9[Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure], 10[Reduced Inequalities], 11[Sustainable Cities and Communities], 12[Responsible Consumption and Production], 13[Climate Action], 14[Life Below Water], 15[Life on Land], 16[Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions], 17[Partnerships for the Goals]
[Outline of SDGs]:https://www.mofa.go.jp/policy/oda/sdgs/index.html#about_sdgs